EAST Search History

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	560	343/757.ccls.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR .	OFF	2007/09/13 14:35
S78	2761	455/13.3.ccls or 455/19.ccls. or 455/25.ccls. or 455/562.1.ccls. or 455/575.7.ccls.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OŖ	OFF	2007/09/12 16:43
S79	6	("20060212570" "20060224434" "55 81694").PN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2007/09/13 10:25
S80	15	("6088665" "6618745" "6792321" " 6888453" "6950778" "7016812" "71 03511").PN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR .	OFF	2007/09/13 10:27
S81	14	(("20060136627") or ("20040008140") or ("20030228857") or ("20030222818") or ("20030172221") or ("20020123864") or ("20020027504")).PN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR .	OFF	2007/09/13 10:28
S82	20	(("7165109") or ("6421354") or ("6640145") or ("6504829") or ("6208247") or ("20050021724") or ("20040090326") or ("20030151513") or ("20020161751") or ("20010027495")).PN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2007/09/13 10:32
S83	8	(("20030222818") or ("20010027495") or ("20040008140") or ("20030228857")).PN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2007/09/13 10:37

EAST Search History

S84	6	(("6208247") or ("6640145") or ("20030236866")).PN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2007/09/13 10:37
S85	25010	mote	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2007/09/13 10:40
S86	120	S85 and directional adj2 antenna	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2007/09/13 10:53
S87	2	(mote and directional adj2 antenna).clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	OFF	2007/09/13 10:54

Andrew Wendell 10813967

WEB Site

Mote

Smartdust is a network of tiny wireless microelectromechanical sensors (MEMS), robots, or devices, installed with wireless communications, that can detect anything from light and temperature, to vibrations, etc. en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mote

Scitech files

- File 2:INSPEC 1898-2007/Mar W4
 - (c) 2007 Institution of Electrical Engineers
- File 6:NTIS 1964-2007/Apr W1
 - (c) 2007 NTIS, Intl Cpyrght All Rights Res
- File 8:Ei Compendex(R) 1884-2007/Mar.W4
 - (c) 2007 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
- File 34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2007/Apr W1
 - (c) 2007 The Thomson Corp
- File 35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2007/Mar
 - (c) 2007 ProQuest Info&Learning
- File 56: Computer and Information Systems Abstracts 1966-2007/Mar
 - (c) 2007 CSA.
- File 57:Electronics & Communications Abstracts 1966-2007/Mar
 - (c) 2007 CSA.
- File 65:Inside Conferences 1993-2007/Apr 05
 - (c) 2007 BLDSC all rts. reserv.
- File 95:TEME-Technology & Management 1989-2007/Apr W1
 - (c) 2007 FIZ TECHNIK
- File 99: Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2007/Mar
 - (c) 2007 The HW Wilson Co.
- File 144:Pascal 1973-2007/Mar W4
 - (c) 2007 INIST/CNRS
- File 239:Mathsci 1940-2007/May
 - (c) 2007 American Mathematical Society
- File 256:TecInfoSource 82-2007/Oct
 - (c) 2007 Info. Sources Inc
- File 434:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1974-1989/Dec
 - (c) 2006 The Thomson Corp
- File 583: Gale Group Globalbase(TM) 1986-2002/Dec 13
 - (c) 2002 The Gale Group
- File 603:Newspaper Abstracts 1984-1988
 - (c)2001 ProQuest Info&Learning
- File 483: Newspaper Abs Daily 1986-2007/Apr 05
 - (c) 2007 ProQuest Info&Learning
- Set Items Description
- \$1 2177 MOTE
- S2 3877 DIRECTIONAL()ANTENNA?
- S3 0 AU=(TEGREENE, C? OR TEGREENE C?)
- S4 7 S1 AND S2
- S5 5 RD S4 (unique items)

5/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 2)

DIALOG(R)File 2:INSPEC

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10170046

Title: Topology insensitive location determination using independent estimates through semi-directional antennas

Author(s): Chin-Lung Yang; Bagchi, S.; Chappell, W.J.

Author Affiliation: Electr. & Comput. Eng. Dept., Purdue Univ., West Lafavette, IN, USA

Journal: IEEE Transactions on Antennas and Propagation vol.54, no.11, pt.2 p.3458-72

Publisher: IEEE,

Publication Date: Nov. 2006 Country of Publication: USA

CODEN: IETPAK ISSN: 0018-926X

SICI: 0018-926X(200611)54:11:2L.3458:TILD;1-L

Material Identity Number: I032-2006-013

Language: English

Subfile: B

Copyright 2006, The Institution of Engineering and Technology

Title: Topology insensitive location determination using independent estimates through semi-directional antennas

...Abstract: network. A method of determining the location of a target by using multiple compact semi-directional antennas is shown to give an independent estimate of location from each sensor mote in a network, each estimate not relying on the data from neighboring motes as in...

... traditional triangulation. We begin by demonstrating a method of using angular diversity through multiple semi-directional antennas in order to ascertain the location of a target. The estimation of both range and...

... a noisy and/or faded channel. An efficient and fast algorithm on a wireless sensor mote is presented through a Taylor series expansion of the simulated antenna pattern. Furthermore, using the...

5/3,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 2)

DIALOG(R)File 2:INSPEC

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09735042

Title: Location tracking with directional antennas in wireless sensor networks

Author(s): Chin-Lung Yang; Bagchi, S.; Chappell, W.J.

Author Affiliation: Dept. of Electr. & Comput. Eng., Purdue Univ., West Lafayette, IN, USA

Conference Title: 2005 IEEE MTT-S International Microwave Symposium (IEEE Cat. No.05CH37620C) p.4 pp.

Editor(s): Choudhury, D.

Publisher: IEEE, Piscatway, NJ, USA

Publication Date: 2005 Country of Publication: USA CD-ROM pp. ISBN: 0 7803 8845 3 Material Identity Number: XX-2006-00060 U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0 7803 8845 3/2005/\$20.00

Conference Title: 2005 IEEE MTT-S International Microwave Symposium Conference Date: 12-17 June 2005 Conference Location: Long Beach, CA,

USA

Language: English

Subfile: B

Copyright 2006, IEE

Title: Location tracking with directional antennas in wireless sensor networks

Abstract: In this paper, we investigate the use of multiple directional antennas on sensor motes for location determination and mobile node monitoring. One key aspect that distinguishes...

... propose and demonstrate a location estimation algorithm on a single sensor node equipped with inexpensive directional antennas by measuring the received signal strength of the transmission peers. This algorithm is further applied to the dynamic tracking of a wandering mote. The location tracking error can be reduced from 30% to 16% by using moving average...

...estimates can be obtained to provide the certainty of location tracking. Therefore, only a single mote with angular diverse multiple antennas is needed to determine the location of a mote without triangulation.
...Identifiers: multiple directional antennas;

5/3,K/3 (Item 3 from file: 2) DIALOG(R)File 2:INSPEC

(c) 2007 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.

09598287 INSPEC Abstract Number: B2005-11-6250-245, C2005-11-5620W-166 Title: Location estimation in ad-hoc networks with directional antennas Author(s): Malhotra, N.; Krasniewski, M.; Yang, C.; Bagchi, S.; Chappell, W.

Author Affiliation: Sch. of Electr. & Comput. Eng., Purdue Univ., West Lafayette, NJ, USA

Conference Title: 25th IEEE International Conference on Distributed Computing Systems p.633-42

Publisher: IEEE Comput. Soc, Los Alamitos, CA, USA

Publication Date: 2005 Country of Publication: USA xviii+827 pp. ISBN: 0 7695 2331 5 Material Identity Number: XX-2005-00952 U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0 7695 2331 5/2005/\$20.00 Conference Title: 25th IEEE International Conference on Distributed Computing Systems

Conference Sponsor: IEEE Comput. Soc. Tech. Comm. on Distributed Process. (TCDP)

Conference Date: 6-10 June 2005 Conference Location: Columbus, OH, USA

Language: English Subfile: B C

Copyright 2005, IEE

Title: Location estimation in ad-hoc networks with directional antennasAbstract: sensor nodes using omnidirectional antennas. However, an increasing number of sensor systems are now deploying directional antennas due to their advantages like energy conservation and better bandwidth utilization. In this paper, we present techniques for location determination in a sensor network with directional antennas under different kinds of deployment of the nodes. We show how the location

estimation problem...

... the received signal strength from just one or two anchors in a 2D plane with **directional antennas**. We implement our technique using Berkeley MICA2 sensor motes and show that it is up...

...Identifiers: directional antenna; ...

...Berkeley MICA2 sensor mote;

5/3,K/4 (Item 1 from file: 8) DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R)

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11379399 E.I. No: EIP06491028444

Title: Topology insensitive location determination using independent estimates through semi-directional antennas

Author: Yang, Chin-Lung; Bagchi, Saurabh; Chappell, William J.

Corporate Source: Center for Wireless Systems and Applications Electrical and Computer Engineering Department Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47907, United States

Source: IEEE Transactions on Antennas and Propagation v 54 n 11 November 2006. p 3458-3472

Publication Year: 2006

CODEN: IETPAK ISSN: 0018-926X DOI: 10.1109/TAP.2006.884294

Language: English

Title: Topology insensitive location determination using independent estimates through semi-directional antennas

...Abstract: network. A method of determining the location of a target by using multiple compact semi-directional antennas is shown to give an independent estimate of location from each sensor mote in a network, each estimate not relying on the data from neighboring motes as in...

...traditional triangulation. We begin by demonstrating a method of using angular diversity through multiple semi-directional antennas in order to ascertain the location of a target. The estimation of both range and...

...a noisy and/or faded channel. An efficient and fast algorithm on a wireless sensor mote is presented through a Taylor series expansion of the simulated antenna pattern. Furthermore, using the...

Identifiers: Semi-directional antennas; Taylor series expansion; Location determination; Sensor networks

5/3,K/5 (Item 2 from file: 8)

DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R)

(c) 2007 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.

11260139 E.I. No: EIP06401015226

Title: Location tracking with directional antennas in wireless sensor networks

Author: Yang, Chin-Lung; Bagchi, Saurabh; Chappell, William J.

Corporate Source: Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering

Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47907, United States

Conference Title: 2005 IEEE MTT-S International Microwave Symposium

Conference Location: Long Beach, CA, United States Conference Date: 20050612-20050617

E.I. Conference No.: 68262

Source: IEEE MTT-S International Microwave Symposium Digest 2005 IEEE MTT-S International Microwave Symposium Digest v 2005 2005. (IEEE cat n 05CH37620C)

Publication Year: 2005

CODEN: IMIDDM ISSN: 0149-645X DOI: 10.1109/MWSYM.2005.1516540

Article Number: 1516540 Language: English

Title: Location tracking with directional antennas in wireless sensor networks

Abstract: In this paper, we investigate the use of multiple directional antennas on sensor motes for location determination and mobile node monitoring. One key aspect that distinguishes...

...propose and demonstrate a location estimation algorithm on a single sensor node equipped with inexpensive directional antennas by measuring the received signal strength of the transmission peers. This algorithm is further applied to the dynamic tracking of a wandering mote . The location tracking error can be reduced from 30% to 16% by using moving average...

...estimates can be obtained to provide the certainty of location tracking. Therefore, only a single **mote** with angular diverse multiple antennas is needed to determine the location of a **mote** without triangulation. copy 2005 IEEE. 4 Refs.

Identifiers: Location estimation; Sensor networks; **Directional** antennas; Transmission peers

PATENT FILES

File 344: Chinese Patents Abs Jan 1985-2006/Jan

(c) 2006 European Patent Office

File 347:JAPIO Dec 1976-2006/Dec(Updated 070403)

(c) 2007 JPO & JAPIO

File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2006/UD=200722

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Set Items Description

S1 343 MOTE

S2 3899 DIRECTIONAL(3N)ANTENNA?

S3 4 S1 AND S2

3/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 350) DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX

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0015366496 - Drawing available WPI ACC NO: 2005-747689/200576

Related WPI Acc No: 2005-711634; 2005-711635; 2005-712043; 2005-712660; 2005-733048; 2005-734077; 2005-747173; 2005-747648; 2005-747649;

2005-747650; 2005-747651; 2005-747652; 2005-747653; 2005-747654; 2005-747655; 2005-747681; 2005-747688; 2005-747690; 2005-747691; 2005-747692; 2005-747720; 2005-747746; 2005-747747; 2005-747748; 2005-758901

XRPX Acc No: N2005-616658

Mote system in mote-appropriate network, includes directional antenna system such as beam-forming antenna system or beam-steering antenna system, coupled to antenna signal generation unit or antenna signal detection unit

Patent Assignee: SEARETE LLC (SEAR-N)

Inventor: TEGREENE CT

Patent Family (1 patents, 107 countries)

Patent

Application

Number Kind Date Number Kind Date Update

WO 2005099141 A2 20051020 WO 2005US10054 A 20050324 200576 B

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 2004816375 A 20040331; US 2004816364 A 20040331; US 2004816358 A 20040331; US 2004816102 A 20040331; US 2004816082 A 20040331; US 2004814454 A 20040331; US 2004813967 A 20040331

Patent Details

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes WO 2005099141 A2 EN 52 18

National Designated States, Original: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SM SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

Regional Designated States, Original: AT BE BG BW CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR HU IE IS IT KE LS LT LU MC MW MZ NA NL OA PL PT RO SD SE SI SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW

Mote system in mote-appropriate network, includes directional antenna system such as beam-forming antenna system or beam-steering antenna system, coupled to antenna...

Original Titles:

MOTE NETWORKS HAVING DIRECTIONAL ANTENNAS

Alerting Abstract ... NOVELTY - The mote system includes a directional antenna system such as beam-forming antenna system or beam-steering antenna system, coupled to antenna...

USE - Mote system including mote comprising coherent or non-coherent light transmitters, coherent or non-coherent light receivers, electrical/magnetic...

...transmitters/receivers, temperature transmitters/receivers, gas/liquid volume transmitters/receivers and inertial force transmitters/receivers, directional antenna system such as beam-forming antenna system, beam-steering antenna system, switched-beam antenna system...

...horn antenna or biconical antenna, attached to building, bridge, machine, rodent, birds or animals, in **mote** -appropriate network...

...ADVANTAGE - Realizes the mote system with efficient directional

antenna system...

...DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The figure shows an explanatory diagram of the motes connected through mote -appropriate network...

...218,268,258,278,288 directional antennas

Original Publication Data by Authority

Original Abstracts:

A mote network having and/or using one or more directional antennas.

3/3,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
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0015366495 - Drawing available WPI ACC NO: 2005-747688/200576

Related WPI Acc No: 2005-711634; 2005-711635; 2005-712043; 2005-712660; 2005-733048; 2005-734077; 2005-747173; 2005-747648; 2005-747649; 2005-747650; 2005-747651; 2005-747652; 2005-747653; 2005-747654; 2005-747655; 2005-747681; 2005-747689; 2005-747690; 2005-747691; 2005-747692; 2005-747720; 2005-747746; 2005-747747; 2005-747748; 2005-758901

XRPX Acc No: N2005-616657

Mote method in mote -appropriate network, involves determining direction of antenna associated with mote, in response to monitored indicators of field strength of directional antenna of another mote

Patent Assignee: SEARETE LLC (SEAR-N)

Inventor: TEGREENE C T

Patent Family (1 patents, 107 countries)

Patent

Application

Number Kind Date Number Kind Date Update

WO 2005099140 A2 20051020 WO 2005US10053 A 20050324 200576 B

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 2004816375 A 20040331; US 2004816364 A 20040331; US 2004816358 A 20040331; US 2004816102 A 20040331; US 2004816082 A 20040331; US 2004814454 A 20040331; US 2004813967 A 20040331

Patent Details

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes WO 2005099140 A2 EN 57 18

National Designated States, Original: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SM SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

Regional Designated States, Original: AT BE BG BW CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR HU IE IS IT KE LS LT LU MC MW MZ NA NL OA PL PT RO SD SE SI SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW

Mote method in mote -appropriate network, involves determining direction of antenna associated with mote, in response to monitored indicators of

field strength of directional antenna of another mote

Original Titles:

MOTE NETWORKS USING DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA TECHNIQUES...

Alerting Abstract ...NOVELTY - The field of directional antenna in a mote is adjusted. The indicators of the received signal strength of the directional antenna in the mote, are monitored after adjusting the field of antenna. The direction of antenna associated with another mote is determined, in response to the monitored indicators of the field strength of the directional antenna of the mote. USE - In mote comprising coherent or non-coherent light transmitters, coherent or non-coherent light receivers, electrical/magnetic...

...and inertial force transmitters/receivers, attached to building, bridge, machine, rodent, birds or animals, in **mote** -appropriate network...

...ADVANTAGE - Enables easy and reliable determination of the direction of antenna in anther mote .

...DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The figure shows a flowchart explaining mote process.

Original Publication Data by Authority

Original Abstracts:

A mote network having and/or using one or more directional antennas.

```
3/3,K/3 (Item 3 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2007 The Thomson Corporation. All rts. reserv.
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0015365708 - Drawing available
WPI ACC NO: 2005-734077/200575
Related WPI Acc No: 2005-711634; 2005-711635; 2005-712043; 2005-712660; 2005-733048; 2005-747173; 2005-747648; 2005-747649; 2005-747650; 2005-747651; 2005-747652; 2005-747653; 2005-747691; 2005-747691; 2005-747692; 2005-747720; 2005-747746; 2005-747747; 2005-747748:
```

2005-758901

XRPX Acc No: N2005-604354 Content index aggregating method in mote -aggregating network, involves aggregating portions of mote -addressed content indexes from set of motes

Patent Assignee: JUNG E K Y (JUNG-I); SEARETE LLC (SEAR-N); TEGREENE C T

(TEGR-I)

Inventor: JUNG E K Y; TEGREENE C T Patent Family (3 patents, 107 countries)

Patent Application

Number Kind Date Number Kind Date Update
WO 2005094494 A2 20051013 WO 2005US9703 A 20050322 200575 B
US 20050233699 A1 20051020 US 2004813967 A 20040331 200575 E
US 20060079285 A1 20060413 US 2004816082 A 20040331 200626 E
Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 2004816375 A 20040331; US

2004816364 A 20040331; US 2004816358 A 20040331; US 2004816102 A 20040331; US 2004816082 A 20040331; US 2004814454 A 20040331; US 2004813967 A 20040331

Patent Details

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes WO 2005094494 A2 EN 64 11

National Designated States, Original: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SM SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

Regional Designated States, Original: AT BE BG BW CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR HU IE IS IT KE LS LT LU MC MW MZ NA NL OA PL PT RO SD SE SI SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW

Content index aggregating method in mote -aggregating network, involves aggregating portions of mote -addressed content indexes from set of motes

Original Titles:

Mote networks having directional antennas

- ...Transmission of mote -associated index data...
- ...AGGREGATING MOTE -ASSOCIATED INDEX DATA

Alerting Abstract ...NOVELTY - The method involves aggregating portions of mote -addressed content indexes from a set of motes. Multi- mote content indexes are created for the set of motes.DESCRIPTION - The term " mote " typically means a semi-autonomous computing communications entities. An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for ...

- ... USE For aggregating mote -addressed content indexes in mote -aggregating network...
- ...ADVANTAGE The **mote** -addressed content indexes can be aggregated quickly...
- ...DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS The figure shows a schematic view of the **mote** -aggregating network.

Original Publication Data by Authority

Original Abstracts:

A mote network having and/or using one or more directional antennas.

- ...Methods and/or systems relating to mote networks having one or more indexes.
- ...to mote networks having one or more indexes.

Claims:

 1. A mote system comprising:at least one of an antenna signal generation unit or an antenna signal detection unit; anda directional antenna system operably coupled with said at least one of an antenna signal generation unit or an antenna signal detection unit

3/3,K/4 (Item 4 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
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0015361775 - Drawing available WPI ACC NO: 2005-712043/200573

Related WPI Acc No: 2005-711634; 2005-711635; 2005-712660; 2005-733048;

2005-734077; 2005-747173; 2005-747648; 2005-747649; 2005-747650; 2005-747651; 2005-747652; 2005-747653; 2005-747654; 2005-747655; 2005-747681; 2005-747688; 2005-747689; 2005-747690; 2005-747691; 2005-747692; 2005-747720; 2005-747746; 2005-747747; 2005-747748;

2005-758901

XRPX Acc No: N2005-584726

Mote network providing method, involves moving field of regard such that field of regard of mote directional antenna is operably aligned with

beam of other mote directional antenna Patent Assignee: SEARETE LLC (SEAR-N)

Inventor: TEGREENE C T

Patent Family (1 patents, 1 countries)

Patent

Application

Number Kind Date Number Kind Date Update US 20050221761 A1 20051006 US 2004814454 A 20040331 200573 B

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 2004814454 A 20040331

Patent Details

Number Kind Lan Pg Dwg Filing Notes

US 20050221761 A1 EN 30 18

Mote network providing method, involves moving field of regard such that field of regard of mote directional antenna is operably aligned with beam of other mote directional antenna

Original Titles:

Mote networks using directional antenna techniques

Alerting Abstract ... NOVELTY - The method involves adjusting a field of regard of a mote directional antenna . Indicators of a received signal strength of the antenna are monitored. A direction associated with another mote directional antenna is determined, in response to the indicators of the former antenna. Another field of regard...

DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for a **mote** system for adjusting a beam of a second-**mote** directional antenna.

... USE - Used for providing a networking mote.

10

...ADVANTAGE - The field of regard is moved such that the field of regard of the directional antenna is operably aligned with the beam of the other directional antenna, thus effectively receiving and transmitting a signal between the directional antennas. The method reduces time to align the antennas by monitoring levels, level changes and rates...

...DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The drawing shows a mote of a mote -appropriate network...

...100 Mote

...150 Mote -appropriate network

Original Publication Data by Authority

Original Abstracts:

A mote network having and/ or using one or more directional antennas. Claims:

1. A mote method comprising:adjusting a field of regard of a first-mote directional antenna; monitoring one or more indicators of a received signal strength of the first-mote directional antenna; anddetermining a direction associated with a second mote in response to the monitored one or more indicators of the received signal strength of the first-mote directional antenna.

PATENTS FOREIGN

File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2007/ 200708

(c) 2007 European Patent Office

File 349:PCT FULLTEXT 1979-2007/UB=20070329UT=20070322

(c) 2007 WIPO/Thomson

Set Items Description

S1 2679 MOTE

S2 5257 DIRECTIONAL(3N)ANTENNA?

S3 14 S1(S)S2

3/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 348)

DIALOG(R)File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS

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01994917

MOTE NETWORKS USING DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA TECHNIQUES RESEAUX DE MOTES METTANT EN OEUVRE DES TECHNIQUES D'ANTENNES DIRECTIVES

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

Searete LLC., (7047570), 1756 - 114th Ave SE 110, Bellevue, WA 98004, (US), (Applicant designated States: all)

INVENTOR:

TEGREENE, Clarence, T., 10629 NE 17th Street, Bellevue, WA 98004-2834, (US)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date):

WO 2005099140 051020

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 2005731395 050324; WO 2005US10053 050324 PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 816358 040331; US 813967 040331; US 816364 040331; US 816375 040331; US 816082 040331; US 816102 040331; US 814454 040331

DESIGNATED STATES: AT; BE; BG; CH; CY; CZ; DE; DK; EE; ES; FI; FR; GB; GR; HU; IE; IS; IT; LI; LT; LU; MC; NL; PL; PT; RO; SE; SI; SK; TR EXTENDED DESIGNATED STATES: AL; BA; HR; LV; MK; YU INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS (V7): H04J-003/22 LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English MOTE NETWORKS USING DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA TECHNIQUES

3/3,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 348)

DIALOG(R)File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS

(c) 2007 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.

01994659

MOTE NETWORKS HAVING DIRECTIONAL ANTENNAS RESEAUX DE MOTES POSSEDANT DES ANTENNES DIRECTIVES PATENT ASSIGNEE:

Searete LLC., (7047570), 1756 - 114th Ave SE 110, Bellevue, WA 98004, (US), (Applicant designated States: all)

INVENTOR:

TEGREENE, Clarence T., 10629 NE 17th Street, Bellevue, WA 98004-2834, (US)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date):

WO 2005099141 051020

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 2005730101 050324; WO 2005US10054 050324 PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 816082 040331; US 816358 040331; US 816364 040331; US 816375 040331; US 814454 040331; US 813967 040331; US 816102 040331

DESIGNATED STATES: AT; BE; BG; CH; CY; CZ; DE; DK; EE; ES; FI; FR; GB; GR; HU; IE; IS; IT; LI; LT; LU; MC; NL; PL; PT; RO; SE; SI; SK; TR EXTENDED DESIGNATED STATES: AL; BA; HR; LV; MK; YU INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS (V7): H04J-003/22 LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English MOTE NETWORKS HAVING DIRECTIONAL ANTENNAS

3/3,K/3 (Item 1 from file: 349) DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

(c) 2007 WIPO/Thomson. All rts. reserv.

01291458 **Image available**

FREQUENCY REUSE TECHNIQUES IN MOTE-APPROPRIATE NETWORKS TECHNIQUES DE REUTILISATION DES FREQUENCES DANS DES RESEAUX COMPATIBLES

AVEC DES CAPTEURS SANS FIL

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

SEARETE LLC, 1756 114th Ave SE #110, Bellevue, WA 98004, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US)

Patent Applicant/Inventor:

JUNG Edward K Y, 13420 NE 36th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-1403, US, US

(Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

TEGREENE Clarence T, 10629 NE 17th Street, Bellevue, WA 98004-2834, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

Legal Representative:

COOK Dale R (agent), Searete LLC, 1756-114th Avenue SE, #110, Bellevue, WA 98004, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent:

WO 200599037 A2 20051020 (WO 0599037)

Application:

WO 2005US11203 20050330 (PCT/WO US05011203)

Priority Application: US 2004814454 20040331; US 2004816364 20040331; US

2004816102 20040331; US 2004816358 20040331; US 2004813967 20040331; US

2004816082 20040331; US 2004816375 20040331; US 2004844613 20040512; US

2004844614 20040512; US 2004844564 20040512; US 2004843987 20040512; US

2004844612 20040512; US 2004850914 20040521; US 2004877109 20040625; US

2004877099 20040625

Designated States:

(All protection types applied unless otherwise stated - for applications 2004+)

AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SM SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

(EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IS IT LT LU MC NL PL PT RO SE SI SK TR

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) BW GH GM KE LS MW MZ NA SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 29940

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... Clarence T.

Tegreene as inventors, filed 31 March 2004.

- 11. United States patent application entitled MOTE NETWORKS HAVING **DIRECTIONAL ANTENNAS**, naming Clarence T. Tegreene as inventor, filed 31 March 2004.
- 12. United States patent application entitled MOTE NETWORKS USING **DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA** TECHNIQUES, naming Clarence T.

Tegreene as inventor, filed 31 March 2004.

13. United States patent...

3/3,K/4 (Item 2 from file: 349) DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

(c) 2007 WIPO/Thomson. All rts. reserv.

01291381 **Image available**

AGGREGATION AND RETRIEVAL OF NETWORK SENSOR DATA AGREGATION ET EXTRACTION DE DONNEES DE CAPTEUR DE RESEAU

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

SEARETE LLC, 1756 114th SE, Suite 110, Bellevue, Washington 98004, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US)

Patent Applicant/Inventor:

JUNG Edward K Y, 13420 NE 36th Street, Bellevue, Washington 98005, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

TEGREENE Clarence T, 10629 NE 17th Street, Bellevue, Washington 98004, US , US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

Legal Representative:

COOK Dale R (agent), Intellectual Ventures, 1756 114th SE, Suite 110, Bellevue, Washington 98004, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent:

WO 200599036 A2 20051020 (WO 0599036)

Application: WO 2005US10955 20050329 (PCT/WO US05010955)

Priority Application: US 2004814454 20040331; US 2004816102 20040331; US

2004816375 20040331; US 2004816082 20040331; US 2004813967 20040331; US

2004816364 20040331; US 2004816358 20040331; US 2004844564 20040512; US

2004844612 20040512; US 2004843987 20040512; US 2004844614 20040512; US

2004844613 20040512; US 2004850914 20040521; US 2004877109 20040625; US

2004877099 20040625; US 2004882119 20040630; US 2004900163 20040727; US

2004900147 20040727; US 2004909200 20040730; US 2004903692 20040730; US 2004903652 20040730

Designated States:

(All protection types applied unless otherwise stated - for applications 2004+)

AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SM SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

(EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IS IT LT LU MC NL PL PT RO SE SI SK TR

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) BW GH GM KE LS MW MZ NA SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 21901

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... 2004, attorney docket number 0 1 04-003 000000.

- 6. United States patent application entitled MOTE NETWORKS HAVING DIRECTIONAL ANTENNAS, naming Clarence T. Tegreene as inventor, filed 31 March 2004, attorney docket number 0 1 04 006
- 7. United States patent application entitled MOTE NETWORKS USING DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA TECHNIQUES, naming Clarence T. Tegreene as

inventor, filed 31 March 2004, 1 5 attorney docket...

... May 2004, attorney

docket number 0104 008

- 9. United States patent application entitled TRANSMISSION OF MOTE
- -ASSOCIATED LOG DATA, naming Edward K.Y. Jung and Clarence T. Tegreene as inventors, filed...

...May

2004, attorney docket number 01 04 009

- 10. United States patent application entitled AGGREGATING MOTE
- -ASSOCIATED LOG DATA, naming Edward K.Y. Juno and Clarence T. Tegreene as inventors, filed...

...04-003 -0 I 0

2

1 - 'United States patent application entitled TRANSMISSION OF AGGREGATED **MOTE**

ASSOCIATED LOG DATA, naming Edward K.Y. Jung and Clarence T. Tegreene as inventors, filed 12 May 2004, attorney docket number 0104 011

- 12. United States patent application entitled FEDERATING MOTE
- -ASSOCIATED LOG DATA, naming Edward K.Y. Jung and Clarence T. Tegreene as inventors, filed 12 May

2004, attorney docket number 0104 012

- 1. United States patent application entitled USING MOTE -ASSOCIATED LOGS7naniing I 0 Edward K.Y. Jung and Clarence T. Tegreene as inventors, filed...
- ...2004, attorney

docket number 01 04 013

- 2. United States patent application entitled USING FEDERATED MOTE
- -ASSOCIATED LOGS, naming Edward K.Y. Jung and Clarence T. Tegree-ne as ixiventors, filed...

3/3,K/5 (Item 3 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

(c) 2007 WIPO/Thomson. All rts. reserv.

01291380 **Image available**

DATA STORAGE FOR DISTRIBUTED SENSOR NETWORKS STOCKAGE DE DONNEES DANS DES RESEAUX DE CAPTEURS REPARTIS Patent Applicant/Assignee:

SEARETE LLC, 1756 114th SE, Suite 110, Bellevue, WA 98004, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US)

Patent Applicant/Inventor:

JUNG Edward K Y, 13420 NE 36th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005, US, US

(Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

TEGREENE Clarence T, 10629 NE 17th Street, Bellevue, WA 98004, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

Legal Representative:

COOK Dale R (agent), Intellectual Ventures, 1756 114th SE, Suite 110, Bellevue, WA 98004, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent:

WO 200596746 A2 20051020 (WO 0596746)

Application: WO 2005US10954 20050329 (PCT/WO US05010954)
Priority Application: US 2004816364 20040331; US 2004816375 20040331; US 2004813967 20040331; US 2004814454 20040331; US 2004816358 20040331; US 2004816102 20040331; US 2004816082 20040331; US 2004844614 20040512; US 2004844612 20040512; US 2004844613 20040512; US 2004844564 20040512; US 2004843987 20040512; US 2004850914 20040521; US 2004877099 20040625; US 2004877109 20040625; US 200482119 20040630; US 2004900147 20040727; US 2004900163 20040727; US 2004903692 20040730; US 2004903652 20040730; US 2004909200 20040730

Designated States:

(All protection types applied unless otherwise stated - for applications 2004+)

AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SM SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

(EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IS IT LT LU MC NL PL PT RO SE SI SK TR

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG (AP) BW GH GM KE LS MW MZ NA SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 22943

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Detailed Description

- ... an application incorporated by reference, the instant application controls.
- 1. United States patent application'entitled **MOTE** -ASSOCIATED INDEX CREATION, 1 5 naming Edward K.Y. Jung and Clare-nee T. Tegreene...
- ...number 0 1 04-003 -001
- United States patent application entitled TRANS1
 4ISSION OF MOTE -ASSOCIATED INDEX DATA, naming Edward K.Y. Jung and Clarence T. Tegreene as inventors, filed...
- ...March 2004, attorney docket number 01 04 002
- 3. United Stales patent application entitled AGGREGATING MOTE
- -ASSOCIATED INDEX DATA, naming Edward K.Y. Jung and Clarence T. Tegreene as inventors, filed...
- ...31 March 2004, attorney docket number 0104 004
- . United States patent application entitled FEDEIZ-ATING MOTE
- -ASSOCIATED INDEX DATA, naming Edward K.Y. Jung and Clarenm T. Tegreene as inventors, filed 31 March
- 2004, attomey doclcetnumber OI04 005,
- 6. United States patent application entitled MOTE NETWORKS HAVING DIRECTIONAL ANTENNAS, naming Clarence T. Tegreene as ixventor, filed 31 March 2004, attorney docket number 0 1 04 006
- 7. United States patent application entitled MOTE NETWORKS USING

DIRECTIONAL 10 **ANTENNA** TECHNIQUES, naming Clarence T. Xegreene as inventor, filed 31 March 2004, attorney docket number 0104 007
8. United States patent application entitled **MOTE** -ASSOCIATED LOG

8. United States patent application entitled **MOTE** -ASSOCIATED LOG CREATION, naming Edward K.Y. Jung and Clarence T. Tegreene as :inventors, filed...

3/3,K/6 (Item 4 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2007 WIPO/Thomson. All rts. reserv.

01291340 **Image available**

DISCOVERY OF OCCURRENCE-DATA DECOUVERTE DE DONNEES D'OCCURRENCE

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

SEARETE LLC, 1756 114th SE, Suite 110, Bellevue, Washington 98004, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US)

Patent Applicant/Inventor:

JUNG Edward K Y, 13420 NE 36th Street, Bellevue, Washington 98005, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

TEGREENE Clarence T, 10629 NE 17th Street, Bellevue, Washington 98004, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

Legal Representative:

COOK Dale R (agent), Intellectual Ventures, 1756 114th SE, Suite 110, Bellevue, WA 98004, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent:

WO 200599035 A2 20051020 (WO 0599035)

Application: WO 2005US10843 20050329 (PCT/WO US05010843)

Priority Application: US 2004814454 20040331; US 2004816102 20040331; US

2004816375 20040331; US 2004816082 20040331; US 2004813967 20040331; US 2004816364 20040331; US 2004816358 20040331; US 2004844564 20040512: US

2004816304 20040331, US 2004816338 20040331, US 2004844364 20040312; US 2004844612 20040512; US 2004843987 20040512; US 2004844614 20040512: US

2004844613 20040512; US 2004850914 20040521; US 2004877109 20040625; US

2004877099 20040625; US 2004882119 20040630; US 2004900147 20040727; US 2004900163 20040727; US 2004903692 20040730; US 2004900163 20040737; US 2004903692 20040730; US 2004900163 20040737; US 2004903692 20040730; US 2004900163 20040730; US 2004900163 20040737; US 2004900163 20040730; US 20040700; US 200

2004900163 20040727; US 2004903692 20040730; US 2004909200 20040730; US 2004903652 20040730

Designated States:

(All protection types applied unless otherwise stated - for applications 2004+)

AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SM SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

(EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IS IT LT LU MC NL PL PT RO SE SI SK TR

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) BW GH GM KE LS MW MZ NA SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 21016

Fulltext Availability:
Detailed Description

Detailed Description

- ... attorney docket number 0 1 04-003 000000.
- 3. United States patent application entitled AGGREGATING MOTE
 -ASSOCIATED INDEX DATA, naming Edward K.Y. Jung and Clarence T. Tegreene as inventors, filed...
- ...2004, attorney docket nuxnber 0 1 04 004
- 5. United States patent application entitled FEDERATING MOTE -ASSOCIATED INDEX DATA, naming Edward K.Y. Jung and Clarence T. Tegreene as inventors, filed 31 March

2004, attorney docket number 0104 005

- 6. United States patent application entitled MOTE NETWORKS HAVING DIRECTIONAL ANTENNAS, naming Clarence T. Teareene as inventor, filed:') I March 2004, attorney docket number 0104 006
- 7. United States patent application entitled **MOTE** NETWORKS USING **DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA** TECHNIQUES, naming Clarence T. Tegreene as inventor, filed 3 1 March 2004, attorney docket number 0 1 04 007
- 8. United States patent application entitled **MOTE** -ASSOCIATED LOG CREATION, naming Edward K.Y. Jung and Clarence T. Tegreene as inventors, filed...

3/3,K/7 (Item 5 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

(c) 2007 WIPO/Thomson. All rts. reserv.

01291182 **Image available**

TRANSMISSION OF AGGREGATED MOTE-ASSOCIATED LOG DATA TRANSMISSION DE DONNEES DE JOURNAUX D'EVENEMENT DE CAPTEURS SANS FIL

AGREGES

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

SEARETE LLC, 1756 114th Ave SE #110, Bellevue, WA 98004, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US)

Patent Applicant/Inventor:

JUNG Edward K Y, 13420 NE 36th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-1403, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

TEGREENE Clarence T, 10629 NE 17th Street, Bellevue, WA 98004-2834, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

Legal Representative:

COOK Dale R (agent), Searete LLC, 1756-114th Avenue SE #110, Bellevue, WA 98004, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent:

WO 200599034 A2 20051020 (WO 0599034)

Application: WO 2005US10253 20050328 (PCT/WO US05010253)

Priority Application: US 2004814454 20040331; US 2004816364 20040331; US

2004816102 20040331; US 2004816358 20040331; US 2004813967 20040331; US 2004816082 20040331; US 2004816375 20040331; US 2004844613 20040512; US

2004844614 20040512; US 2004844564 20040512; US 2004843987 20040512; US

2004844612 20040512

Designated States:

(All protection types applied unless otherwise stated - for applications

2004+)

AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SM SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

(EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IS IT LT LU MC NL PL PT RO SE SI SK TR

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG (AP) BW GH GM KE LS MW MZ NA SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 16869

Fulltext Availability:
Detailed Description
Detailed Description
... Clarence T.

Tegreene as inventors, filed 31 March 2004.

10. United States patent application entitled MOTE NETWORKS HAVING DIRECTIONAL ANTENNAS, naming Clarence T. Tegreene as inventor, filed 31 March 2004.

2.

. UnitedStatespatentapplicationentitledMOTE NETWORKS USING DIRECTIONAL...

3/3,K/8 (Item 6 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2007 WIPO/Thomson. All rts. reserv.

01291180 **Image available**

AGGREGATING MOTE-ASSOCIATED LOG DATA AGREGATION DE JOURNAUX D'EVENEMENTS DE CAPTEURS SANS FIL

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

SEARETE LLC, 1756 114th Ave SE #110, Bellevue, WA 98004, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US) Patent Applicant/Inventor:

JUNG Edward K Y, 13420 NE 36th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-1403, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

TEGREENE Clarence T, 10629 NE 17th Street, Bellevue, WA 98004-2834, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

Legal Representative:

COOK Dale R (agent), Searete LLC, 1756-114th Avenue SE #110, Bellevue, WA 98004, US.

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent:

WO 200599033 A2 20051020 (WO 0599033)

Application: WO 2005US10251 20050328 (PCT/WO US05010251)
Priority Application: US 2004814454 20040331; US 2004816364 20040331; US 2004816102 20040331; US 2004816358 20040331; US 2004813967 20040331; US 2004816082 20040331; US 2004816375 20040331; US 2004844613 20040512; US

2004844614 20040512; US 2004844564 20040512; US 2004843987 20040512; US 2004844612 20040512

Designated States:

(All protection types applied unless otherwise stated - for applications 2004+)

AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SM SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

(EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IS IT LT LU MC NL PL PT RO SE SI SK TR

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG (AP) BW GH GM KE LS MW MZ NA SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 18009

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... Clarence T.

Tegreene as inventors, filed 31 March 2004.

 United States patent application entitled MOTE NETWORKS HAVING DIRECTIONAL ANTENNAS, naming Clarence T. Tegreene as inventor, filed 31 March 2004.

11. UnitedStatespatentapplicationentitledMOTE NETWORKS USING DIRECTIONAL...

3/3,K/9 (Item 7 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2007 WIPO/Thomson. All rts. reserv.

01291179 **Image available**

FEDERATING MOTE-ASSOCIATED LOG DATA
FEDERATION DE JOURNAUX D'EVENEMENTS DE CAPTEURS SANS FIL
Patent Applicant/Assignee:

SEARETE LLC, 1756 114th Ave SE #110, Bellevue, WA 98004, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US)

Patent Applicant/Inventor:

JUNG Edward K Y, 13420 NE 36th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-1403, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

TEGREENE Clarence T, 10629 NE 17th Street, Bellevue, WA 98004-2834, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

Legal Representative:

COOK Dale R (agent), Searete LLC, 1756-114th Avenue SE #110, Bellevue, WA 98004, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200599032 A2 20051020 (WO 0599032)

Application: WO 2005US10250 20050328 (PCT/WO US05010250)

Priority Application: US 2004814454 20040331; US 2004816364 20040331; US

2004816102 20040331; US 2004816358 20040331; US 2004813967 20040331; US

2004816082 20040331; US 2004816375 20040331; US 2004844613 20040512; US

2004844614 20040512; US 2004844564 20040512; US 2004843987 20040512; US

2004844612 20040512

Designated States:

(All protection types applied unless otherwise stated - for applications 2004+)

AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SM SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

(EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IS IT LT LU MC NL PL PT RO SE SI SK TR

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) BW GH GM KE LS MW MZ NA SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 25940

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... Clarence T.

Tegreene as inventors, filed 31 March 2004.

- 2

. United States patent application entitled MOTE NETWORKS HAVING **DIRECTIONAL ANTENNAS**, naming Clarence T. Tegreene as inventor, filed 31 March 2004.

11. UnitedStatespatentapplicationentitledMOTE NETWORKS USING DIRECTIONALANTENNATECHNIQUES...

3/3,K/10 (Item 8 from file: 349) DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT (c) 2007 WIPO/Thomson. All rts. reserv.

01291106 **Image available**

FEDERATING MOTE-ASSOCIATED INDEX DATA

FEDERATION DE DONNEES D'INDEX ASSOCIEES A UN CAPTEUR SANS FIL

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

SEARETE LLC, 1756 114th Ave SE #110, Bellevue, WA 98004, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US) Patent Applicant/Inventor:

JUNG Edward K Y, 13420 NE 36th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-1403, US, US

(Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

TEGREENE Clarence T, 10629 NE 17th Street, Bellevue, WA 98004-2834, US,

US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

Legal Representative:

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Designated States:

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Fulltext Availability: **Detailed Description**

Detailed Description

- ... Clarence T. Tegreene as inventors, filed substantially contemporaneously herewith.
- 5. United States patent application entitled MOTE NETWORKS HAVING **DIRECTIONAL** ANTENNAS, naming Clarence T. Tegreene as inventor, filed substantially contemporaneously herewith.
- 6. UnitedStatespatentapplicationentitledMOTE NETWORKS USING DIRECTIONAL...

3/3,K/11 (Item 9 from file: 349) DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

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01291104 **Image available**

MOTE NETWORKS HAVING DIRECTIONAL ANTENNAS RESEAUX DE MOTES POSSEDANT DES ANTENNES DIRECTIVES

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2004813967 20040331; US 2004816102 20040331

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MOTE NETWORKS HAVING DIRECTIONAL ANTENNAS

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description Claims

English Abstract

A mote network having and/or using one or more directional antennas. Detailed Description

Mote Networks Having **Directional Antennas**CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS
The present application is related to, claims the earliest available...

- ...one of an antenna signal generation unit or an antenna signal detection unit; and a directional antenna system operably coupled with said at least one of an antenna signal generation unit or...
- ...of an antenna signal generation unit or an antenna signal detection unit, and (ii) a directional antenna system operably 2 couplable with said at least one of an antenna signal generation unit...

Claim

... making includes but is not limited to: fori-ning a mote body; and emplacing a directional antenna proximate to the mote body. In addition to the foregoing, other method aspects are described in the claims, drawings, and/or text forming a part of the present application. In one aspect a mote method of making includes but is not limited to: emplacing a directional antenna proximate to a mote body; and integrating the mote body with at least one of an animate or inanimate unit. In addition to the...

...set forth herein. 3
BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES
Figure I shows an example of mote 100 of mote -appropriate network 150

that may serve as a context for introducing one or more processes...

...partial exploded views of motes 200, 250, and 270 that form a part of a mote network. Figure 3 depicts a high-level logic flowchart of a process. Figure 4 illustrates...

...AND/OR SYSTEM(S)

With reference now to Figure 1, shown is an example of mote I 00 of moteappropriate network 150 that may serve as a context for introducing one or more processes and/or devices described herein. A mote is typically composed of sensors, actuators, computational entities, and/or communications entities formulated, in most cases at least in part, from a substrate. As used herein, the term "mote" typically means a semi-autonomous computing, coniniunication, and/or sensing device as described in the mote literature (e.g., Intel Corporation's mote literature), as well as equivalents recognized by those having skill in the art. Mote I 00 depicts a specific example of a more general mote, Mote I 00 is illustrated as having antenna 102, physical layer 104, antenna entity 1 1 9, network layer 1 0 8 (shown for sake of example as a mote-appropriate ad hoe routing application), light device entity 1 1 0, electrical/magnetic device entity...

- ...unit 204 may perform either or both detection and generation), antenna control unit 206, omni-directional antenna 218, and directional antennas 208, 209; the other components of mote I 00 are also present in mote 200, but not explicitly shown for sake of clarity. The directional antennas described herein may be any suitable directional antennas consistent with the teachings herein, such as beam-forrning antennas, beam-steering antennas, switched-beam antennas, horn antennas, and/or adaptive antennas. Although directional antennas 208, 209 are illustrated as horn antennas, those skilled in the art will appreciate that directional antennas 208, 209 are representative of any suitable device consistent with the teachings herein, such as...
- ...antennas, horn antennas, and/or biconical antennas. The foregoing is also generally true for other **directional** antennas described herein. In addition, the inventor points out that in some implementations the antenna steering...
- ...electro-mechanical system components; in some implementations, the antenna steering units may include electromagnetic systems. Mote 250 is illustrated as similar to mote 100 of mote appropriate network 150 (Figure 1), but with the addition of antenna steering unit 252, antenna signal generation/detection unit 254, antenna control unit 256. onmidirectional antenna 268, and directional antennas 258, 259. The other components of mote 100 are also present in mote 250, but not explicitly shown for sake of clarity. The components of mote 250 fimction in fashions similar to like components described in relation to mote 200 and/or elsewhere herein. Mote 270 is illustrated as similar to mote 100 of mote appropriate network 150 (Figure 1), but with the addition of antenna steering unit 252, antenna signal generation/detection unit 274, antenna control unit 276, omnidirectional antenna 278, and directional antennas 288, 289. The other components of mote 100 are also present in mote 270, but not explicitly shown for sake of clarity. The components of mote 270 - 8 function in fashions similar to like components described in relation to mote 200

and/or elsewhere herein. Those skilled in the art will appreciate that there are various ways in which the directional antennas may be combined with the motes. In some implementations, semiconductor processing techniques are utilized to form at least a part of each mote having one or more directional antennas. In some implementations, micro-electromechanical-system or electrooptical techniques are utilized to form or control at least a part of each mote having one or more directional antennas. In some implementations, circuit techniques and circuit board substrates are used to form at least a part of each mote having one or more directional antennas. In some implementations, various combinations of the herein described techniques are used to form at least a part of each mote having one or more directional antennas

11 PROCESS(ES) AND/OR SCHEME(S)

Following are a series of flowcharts depicting implementations...

- ...the process. Method step 302 depicts adjusting a field of regard of a first-mote directional antenna. Method step 304 illustrates monitoring one or more indicators of received signal strength, signal-to-noise ratio, or 9 other signal characteristic, of the first-mote directional antenna. Method step 306 shows determining a direction associated with a second mote in response to the monitored one or more indicators of the received signal strength of the first-mote directional antenna. Method step 308 depicts adjusting the field of regard of the first-mote directional antenna to orient toward the determined direction associated with the second mote. Method step 3 1 0 depicts the end of the process. Specific example implementations of...
- ...shows moving the field of regard such that the field of regard of the first-mote directional antenna will likely operably align with a beam of a second-mote directional antenna. (By convention, "field of regard" is sometimes used herein when describing an example wherein an
- ...control unit 256 directs antenna steering unit 252 to sweep a field of regard of directional antenna 258 at a rate likely to be different from that of a rate of sweep of a beam of another directional antenna. For example, antenna control units 206, 256 directing their respective antenna steering units 202, 252 to sweep their respective directional antennas 208, 258 at rates which are likely to be different. One implementation of the foregoing...
- ...control wait 206, 256 to direct their respective antenna steering units 202, 252 to rotate **directional antennas** 208, 258 for a time period long enough such that **directional antenna** 208 completes 360 total rotations. I 0 Referring now to Figure 5, illustrated is a...
- ...varied by a quasi-random amount from a nominal rate of rotation of the first-1mote directional antenna and the second-mote directional antenna. In one embodiment of method step 500, antenna control unit 256 directs antenna steering unit 252 to rotate a field of regard of directional antenna 258 at a rate of rotation varied by a quasi-random amount from a nominal rate of rotation shared by at least one other mote (as used herein, "nominal" generally means according to plan or design). For example, in, one...

- ...logic to vary that recalled nominal rate of rotation by some amount to devise a mote 250 resultant rate of rotation (e.g., 360 degrees/unit-time). Thereafter, antenna control unit 256 directs antenna steering unit 252 to rotate directional antenna 258 at the mote 250 resultant rate of rotation. At or around the same time, antenna control unit 202 engages in a similar set of operations to devise a mote 200 rate of rotation. Insofar as that the mote 200 rate of rotation and the mote 250 rate of rotation were devised by quasi-random variations on substantially the same nominal rates of rotation, it is likely that the mote 200 rate of rotation will be different than the mote 250 rate of rotation. Hence, eventually the field of regard of directional antenna 208 will operably align with the beam of directional antenna 258 such that signals may be respectively received/transmitted between the directional antennas. In some implementations, the directional antennas are rotated for a pre-specified period of time. In some implementations, the directional antennas are rotated until either a strong signal is detected or a timeout occurs. In one...
- ...control unit 256 directs antenna steering unit 252 to move a field of regard of **directional** antenna 258 through a series of angles at a rate of movement derived from random number...
- ...control unit 256 directs antenna steering unit 252 to move a field of regard of directional antenna 258 at some rate of rotation for a period of time derived from random number...
- ...steering unit 202 to selectively delay received signals such that a field of regard of directional antenna 208 is varied. Continuing to refer to Figure 6, shown is that in some implementations...
- ...one or more antenna elements. In some implementations of method step 600, such as where **directional antenna** 258 is implemented with discrete antenna elements (e.g., array antennas and/or Yagi antennas...
- ...of the signals of the discrete antenna elements to steer the field of regard of directional antenna 258 in a desired fashion (e.g., by numerical techniques and/or delay lines). Continuing...
- ...step 608. Method step 608 shows selectively displacing at least a part of the first-mote directional antenna. In some implementations of method step 608, such as instances where directional antenna 258 is implemented with a horn antenna or a biconical antenna, antenna steering unit 252...
- ...method step 302 includes method step 610. Method step 610 shows selectively tuning the first-mote directional antenna (e.g., via switchable tuning stubs). In some implementations of 13 method step 61 0...
- ...switches in and out the various tuning stubs to direct the field of regard of

directional antenna 258

Referring now to Figure 7, illustrated is a high-level logic flowchart depicting an...

...700 shows logging one or more indicators of the received signal strength

- of the first-mote directional antenna. In one embodiment of method step 700, antenna control unit 256 directs antenna signal generation...
- ...step 1002 depicts determining a direction of the 15 field of regard of the first-mote directional antenna associated with the substantially maximum signal power. In one embodiment of method step 1 000...
- ...steering unit 252 to determine one or more locations along an are of movement of directional antenna 258 that correspond with the times at which the received signal strength of the beacon...
- ...the start of the process. Method step 1102 depicts adjusting a beam of a second-mote directional antenna. Method step 1 1 04 illustrates transmitting a signal over the beam of the second-mote directional antenna. Method step 1106 depicts the end of the process. Specific example implementations of the more...includes method step 1200. Method step 1200 shows selectively forming the beam of the second-mote directional antenna. In one embodiment of method step 1200, antenna control unit 206 directs antenna steering unit 202 to drive directional antenna 208 such that a beam is formed over one or more angular ranges. One example...
- ...includes method step 1202. Method step 1202 depicts selectively switching the beam of the second-mote directional antenna. In some implementations of method step 1202, antenna control unit 206 directs antenna steering unit 202 to switch elements of directional antenna 208 such that a beam is switched on across one or more angles. One example...
- ...includes method step 1204. Method step 1204 depicts selectively steering the beam of the second-mote directional antenna. In some implementations of method step 1204, antenna control unit 206 directs antenna steering unit 202 to selectively steer a beam of directional antenna 208 such that a beam is moved across one or more angles. One example of...
- ...includes method step 1206. Method step 1206 depicts selectively adapting the beam of the second-mote directional antenna. In some implementations of method step 1206, antenna control unit 206 directs antenna steering unit 202 to selectively adapt one or more beams of directional antenna 208 such that a beam is moved across one or more angles. One example of the foregoing could include selectively adapting the beam of the second-mote directional antenna. With reference again to Figures 3 and I 1, method step 302 of Figure 3...
- ...its supporting text, show and/or describe adjusting a field of regard of a first-mote directional antenna. Method step 1 1 02 of Figure 1 1, and its supporting text, illustrate 17 and/or describe adjusting a beam of a second-mote directional antenna (e.g., directional antenna 208 of mote 200). Figures 4-6 show and/or describe several implementations of adjusting a field of regard of the first-mote directional antenna. The inventor points out that implementations substantially analogous to those shown for method step 302...
- ...herein will in general have a corresponding implementation by which the beam of a second-mote directional antenna is analogously adjusted.

Those having skill in the art will appreciate that insofar as that...
...that combines a known beacon signal with the carrier signal which is then transmitted from directional antenna 208. Those having ordinary skill of the art will appreciate that other signal generation techniques

...1502 depicts initiating at - 19 least one of said adjusting a beam of a second-mote directional antenna and/or said transmitting a signal over the beam of the second-mote directional antenna in response to said detecting the initiation signal. In one embodiment of method step 1500, antenna signal generation/detection unit 204 detects an incoming pre-defined seelc-mote - antennas signal over directional antenna 208. Signal generation/detection unit 204 informs antenna control unit 206 that the seekmote-antennas...

...signal and/or communicates with antenna steering unit 252 to begin adjusting a beam of **directional antenna** 208 as described herein (e.g., by moving the beam in an are or circle...

...of the process. Method step 1602 depicts adjusting a field of regard of a first-mote directional antenna in response to a direction associated with a second-mote directional antenna. Method step 1604 illustrates transmitting a signal from the first-mote directional antenna and/or receiving a signal from the first-mote directional antenna (e.g., transmitting the signal over a beam of the first-mote directional antenna and/or receiving the signal through a field of regard of the first-mote directional antenna). Method step 1606 depicts the end of the process. Specific example implementations of the more...

...embodiments method step 1602 includes method step 1700. Method step 1700 shows localizing the second- mote directional antenna. Specific example implementations of the more general process implementations of Figure 17 are described following...

...and thereafter use standard engineering practices to integrate such described devices and/or processes into mote processing systems. That is, at least a portion of the devices and/or processes described herein can be integrated into a mote processing system via a reasonable amount of experimentation. Those having skill in the art will recognize that a typical mote processing system generally includes one or more of a memory such as volatile and nonvolatile...

...or velocity; control motors for moving and/or adjusting components and/or quantities). A typical mote processing system may be implemented utilizing any suitable

available components, such as those typically found in mote -appropriate computing/coininunication systems, combined with standard engineering practices. Specific examples of such components entail commercially described components such

as Intel Corporation's mote components and supporting

hardware, software, and firmware. - 23 The foregoing described aspects depict different components...

- ...one of an antenna signal generation unit or an antenna signal detection unit; and
- a directional antenna system operably coupled with said at least one of an antenna signal generation unit or an antenna signal detection unit.
- 2 The mote system of Claim 1, wherein said directional antenna system operably coupled with said at least one of an antenna signal generation unit or...
- ...comprises:
- a beam-forming antenna system.
- 3 The mote system of Claim 1, wherein said directional antenna system operably coupled with said at least one of an antenna signal generation unit or...
- ...comprises:
- a beam-steering antenna system.
- 4 The mote system of Claim 1, wherein said directional antenna system operably coupled with said at least one of an antenna signal generation unit or...
- ...comprises:
- a switched-beam antenna system.
- 5 The mote system of Claim 1, wherein said directional antenna system operably coupled with said at least one of an antenna signal generation unit or an antenna signal

detection unit further comprises:

- a horn antenna system. 26. The **mote** system of Claim 1, wherein said **directional** antenna system operably coupled with said at least one of an antenna signal generation unit or...
- ... one or more selected antenna patterns.
- 7 The mote system of Claim 1, wherein said directional antenna system operably coupled with said at least one of an antenna signal generation unit or...
- ...fixther comprises: an adaptive-antenna system.
- 8 The mote system of Claim 1, wherein said directional antenna system operably coupled with said at least one of an antenna signal generation unit or...
- ...unit stirther comprises:
- a Yagi antenna.
- 9 The mote system of Claim 1, wherein said directional antenna system operably coupled with said at least one of an antenna signal generation unit or...
- ...fixther comprises:
- a log-periodic antenna.
- $10\ \mathrm{The}$ mote system of Claim 1, wherein said $\ \mathrm{directional}$ $\ \mathrm{antenna}$ system

operably coupled with said at least one of an antenna signal generation unit or an antenna

signal detection unit further comprises:

a parabolic antenna.

I 1. The mote system of Claim 1, wherein said directional antenna system

operably coupled with said at least one of an antenna signal generation unit or an antenna

signal detection unit further comprises:

an array antenna. - 27

. The mote system of Claim 1, Wherein said directional antenna system

operably coupled with said at least one of an antenna signal generation unit or...

...unit further comprises:

a horn antenna.

13 The mote system of Claim 1, wherein said directional antenna system

operably coupled with said at least one of an antenna signal generation unit or...

...unit further comprises:

a biconical antenna.

14 The mote system of Claim 1, wherein said directional antenna system

operably coupled with said at least one of an antenna signal generation unit or...

...electromagnetic system.

18 The mote system of Claim 1, farther comprising: a mote having said **directional antenna** system operably coupled with said at least one of an antenna signal generation unit or an antenna signal detection unit. 28

. The mote system of Claim 18, further comprising:

at least one of an animate or inanimate Unit in physical contact with said mote having said directional antenna system operably coupled with said at least one of an antenna signal generation unit or an antenna signal detection unit. 29

. A mote method of using comprising:

distributing a mote, the mote having

(i) at least one of an antenna signal generation unit or an antenna signal

detection unit, and

(H) a directional antenna system operably couplable with said at least one of an antenna signal generation unit or an antenna signal detection unit. 2 1. The mote method of Claim 20, wherein said distributing a mote further comprises:

emplacing at least one of all animate or inanimate unit in physical contact with the **mote** .

22 The mote method of Claim 21, wherein said emplacing at least one of an

...mote. 30

. A mote method of making comprising: forming- a mote body; and emplacing a directional antenna proximate to the mote body.

25 The mote method of Claim 24, wherein said forming a mote body further

...body from a substrate.

26 The mote method of Claim 24, wherein said emplacing a directional antenna

proximate to the mote body further comprises:

forming at least a part of the directional antenna from a substrate.

27 The mote method of Claim 24, wherein said emplacing a directional antenna

proximate to the mote body further comprises:

affixing at least a part of the directional antenna to the mote body. 31

. A mote method comprising:

integrating a directional antenna proximate to a mote body with at least one of an animate or inanimate unit

29 The mote method of Claim 28, wherein said integrating a directional antenna proximate to a mote body with at least one of an animate or inanimate unit ffirther

comprises:

at least one of affixing the mote body to or encasing the mote body in an inanimate structural component.

30 The mote method of Claim 28, wherein said integrating a directional antenna proximate to a mote body with at least one of an animate or inanimate unit ftu-ther

comprises:

at least one of affixing the mote body to or encasing the mote body in an animate structural component. 32

3/3,K/12 (Item 10 from file: 349) DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

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01291103 **Image available**

MOTE NETWORKS USING DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA TECHNIQUES RESEAUX DE MOTES METTANT EN OEUVRE DES TECHNIQUES D'ANTENNES DIRECTIVES

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Application: WO 2005US10053 20050324 (PCT/WO US05010053) Priority Application: US 2004816358 20040331; US 2004813967 20040331; US

2004816364 20040331; US 2004816375 20040331; US 2004816082 20040331; US

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MOTE NETWORKS USING DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA TECHNIQUES

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description Claims

English Abstract

A mote network having and/or using one or more directional antennas. Detailed Description

Mote Networks Using **Directional Antenna** TeChniques CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS The present application is related to, claims the earliest...

...as inventors, filed substantially contemporaneously herewith.

6. United States patent application entitled Mote Networks Having **Directional Antennas** naming Clarence T. Tegreene as inventor, filed substantially contemporaneously herewith.

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present application...

...includes but is not limited to: adjusting a field of regard of a first-mote directional antenna; monitoring one or more indicators of a received signal strength of the first-mote directional antenna signal; and determining a direction associated with a second mote in response to the monitored one or more indicators of the received signal strength of the first-mote directional antenna. In addition to the foregoing, other method aspects are described in the claims, drawings, and...

...mote method includes but is not limited to: adjusting a beam of a

second-mote directional antenna; and transmitting a signal over the beam of the secondmote directional antenna. In addition to the foregoing, other method aspects are described in the claims, drawings, and...

- ...includes but is not limited to: adjusting a field of regard of a first-mote directional antenna in response to a direction associated with a second-mote directional antenna; and at least one of transmitting a signal from the firstmote directional antenna or receiving a signal from the first-mote directional antenna. In addition to the foregoing, other method aspects are described in the claims, drawings, and...
- ...signal; and initiating at least one of said adjusting a beam of a second-mote directional antenna or said transmitting a signal over the beam of the second-mote directional antenna, in response to said detecting. In addition to the foregoing, other method aspects 3 are...
- ...includes but is not limited to: adjusting a field of regard of a first-mote directional antenna in response to a direction associated with a second-mote directional antenna; and at least one of transmitting a signal from the firstmote directional antenna or receiving a signal from the first-mote directional antenna. In addition to the foregoing, other method aspects are described in the claims, drawings, and...
- ...unit 204 may perform either or both detection and generation), antenna control unit 206, omni- directional antenna 218, and directional antennas 208, 209; the other components of mote 100 are also present in mote 200, but not explicitly shown for sake of clarity. The directional antennas described herein may be any suitable directional antennas consistent with the teakhings herein, such as beam-forming antennas, beam-steering antennas, switched-beam antennas, horn antennas, and/or adaptive antennas. Although directional antennas 208, 209 are illustrated as hom antennas, those skilled in the art will appreciate that directional antennas 208, 209 are representative of any suitable device consistent with the teachings herein, such as...
- ...antennas, hom antennas, and/or biconical antennas. The foregoing is also generally true for other directional antennas described herein. In addition, the inventor points out that in some implementations the antenna steering...
- ...antenna steering unit 252, antenna signal generation/detection unit 254, antenna control unit 256, onmidirectional antenna 268, and directional antennas 258, 259. The other components of mote 100 are also present in mote 250, but not explicitly shown for sake of clarity. The components of mote 250 function in fashions similar to like components described in relation to mote 200 and/or elsewhere herein.

Mote 270 is illustrated as similar to mote 100 of...

...steering unit 252, antenna signal generation/detection unit 274, antenna control unit 276, on-inidirectional antenna 278, and 9 directional antennas 288, 289. The other components of mote 100 are also present in mote 270, but not explicitly shown for sake of clarity. The

components of mote 270 function in fashions similar to like components described in relation to mote 200 and/or elsewhere herein.

Those skilled in the art will appreciate that there are various ways in which the directional antennas may be combined with the motes. In some implementations, semiconductor processing techniques are utilized to forin at least a part of each mote having one or more directional antennas. In some implementations, micro-electromechanical-system or electrooptical techniques are utilized to form or control at least a part of each mote having one or more directional antennas. In some implementations, circuit techniques and circuit board substrates are used to form at least a part of each mote having one or more directional antennas. In some implementations, various combinations of the herein described techniques are used to form at least a part of each mote having one or more directional antennas.

IL PROCESS(ES) AND/OR SCHEME(S) Following are a series of flowcharts depicting implementations...

...process. Method step 302 depicts - 10 adjusting a field of regard of a first-mote directional antenna. Method stop 304 illustrates monitoring one or more indicators of received signal strength, signal-to-noise ratio, or other signal characteristic, of the first-mote directional antenna. Method step 306 shows determining a direction associated with a second mote in response to the monitored one or more indicators of the received signal strength of the first-mote directional antenna.

Method step 308 depicts adjusting the field of regard of the first-mote directional antenna to orient toward the determined direction associated with the second mote. Method step 3 10 depicts the end of the process. Specific example implementations of the...

- ...the first-mote directional ill likely operably align with a beam of a second-mote directional antenna. (By antenna wi convention, "field of regard" is sometimes used herein when describing an example wherein an...
- ...control unit 256 directs antenna steering unit 252 to sweep a field of regard of directional antenna 258 at a rate likely to be different from that of a rate of sweep of a beam of another directional antenna. For example, antenna control units 206, 256 directing their respective antenna steering units 202, 252 to sweep their respective directional antennas 208, 258 at rates which are likely to be different. One implementation of the foregoing...
- ...control unit 206, 256 to direct their respective antenna steering units 202, 252 to rotate directional antennas 208, 258 for a time period long enough such that directional antenna 208 completes 360 total rotations.
- I I Referring now to Figure 5, illustrated is a...
- ...by a quasi-random amount from a nominal rate of rotation of the first-mote directional antenna and the second-mote directional antenna

In one embodiment of method step 500, antemia control unit 256 directs antenna steering unit 252 to rotate a field of regard of directional antenna 258 at a rate of rotation varied by a quasi-random amount from a nominal rate of rotation shared by at least one other mote (as used herein, "nominal" generally means according to plan or design). For example, in one...

...logic to vary that recalled nominal rate of rotation by some amount to devise a mote 250 resultant rate of rotation (e.g., 360 degrees/unit-time). Thereafter, antenna control unit 256 directs antenna steering unit 252 to rotate directional antenna 258 at the mote 250 resultant rate of rotation. At or around the same time, antenna control unit 202 engages in a similar set of operations to devise a mote 200 rate of rotation. Insofar as that the mote 200 rate of rotation and the mote 250 rate of rotation were devised by quasi-random variations on substantially the same nominal rates of rotation, it is likely that the mote 200 rate of rotation will be different than the mote 250 rate of rotation. Hence, eventually the field of regard of directional antenna 208 will operably align with the beam of directional antenna 258 such that signals may be respectively received/transmitted between the directional antennas. In some implementations, the directional antennas are rotated for a pre-specified period of time. In some implementations, the directional antennas are rotated until either a strong signal is detected or a timeout occurs.

In one...

- ...608. Method step 608 shows selectively displacing at least a part of the first-mote directional antenna. In some implementations of method step 608, such as instances where directional antenna 258 is implemented with a horn antenna or a biconical antenna, antenna steering unit 252...
- ...step 302 includes method step 610. Method step 610 shows selectively tuning the first-mote **directional antenna** (e.g., via switchable tuning stubs). In some implementations of method step 610, such as instances where **directional antenna** 258 is implemented with a tunable antenna (e.g., antennas having tuning stubs), antenna...
- ...switches in and out the various tuning stubs to direct the field of regar4 of directional antenna 2 5 8

 Referring now to Figure 7, illustrated is a high-level logic flowchart...
- ...shows 14 logging one or more indicators of the received signal strength of the first- mote directional antenna.

In one embodiment of method step 700, antenria control unit 256 directs antenna signal generation...step 1002 depicts determining a direction of the field of regard of the first-mote directional antenna associated with the substantially maximum signal power.

In one embodiment of method step 1000, antenna...

... of the process. Method step II 02 depicts adjusting a beam of a

second-mote directional antenna. Method step 1 104 illustrates transmitting a signal over the beam of the second-mote directional antenna. Method step 1106 depicts the end of the process. Specific example implementations of the more...

...method step 1200. Method step 1200 shows selectively forming the beam of the second-mote directional antenna.

In one embodiment of method step 1200, antenna control unit 206 directs antenna steering unit...

...method step 1202. Method step 1202 depicts selectively switching the beam of the second-mote directional antenna.

In some implementations of method step 1202, antenna control unit 206 directs antenna steering unit...

...includes method step 1204. Method step 1204 depicts selectively steeringthe beam of the second-mote directional antenna.

In some implementations of method step 1204, antenna control unit 206 directs antenna steering unit...

...method step 1206. Method step 1206 depicts selectively adapting the beam of the second-mote directional antenna.

In some implementations of method step 1206, antenna control unit 206 directs antenna steering unit 202 to selectively adapt one or more beams of **directional antenna** 208 such that a beam is moved across one or more angles. One example of the foregoing could include selectively adapting the beam of the second-mote **directional antenna**.

With reference again to Figures 3 and II, method step 302 of Figure 3, and...

....supporting text, show and/or describe adjusting a field of regard of a first-mote directional antenna. Method step II 02 of Figure I 1, and its supporting text, illustrate and/or describe adjusting a beam of a second-mote directional antenna (e.g., directional antennia 208 of mote 200).

Figures 4-6 show and/or describe several implementations of adjusting a field of regard of the first-mote **directional antenna**. The inventor points out that implementations substantially analogous to those shown for method step 302...

...herein will in general have a corresponding implementation by which the beam of a second-mote directional antenna is analogously adjusted. Those having skill in the art, will appreciate that insofar as that...

...1502 depicts initiating at least one of said adjusting a beam of a second-mote directional antenna and/or said transmitting a signal over the beam of the second-mote directional antenna in response to said detecting the initiation signal.

In one embodiment of method step 1500, antenna signal creneration/detection unit 204 detects an incoming pre-defined seek-mote-

antennas signal over directional antenna 208. Signal generation/detection unit 204 informs antenna control unit 206 that the seekmote-antennas

...signal and/or communicates with antenna steering unit 252 to begin adjusting a beam of **directional antenna** 208 as described herein (e.g., by moving the beam in an arc or circle...

...the process. Method step 1602 depicts adjusting a field of regard of a first-mote directional antenna in response to a direction associated with a second-mote directional antenna. Method step 1604 illustrates - 20 transmitting a signal from the first-mote directional antenna and/or receiving a signal from the first-mote directional antenna (e.g., transmitting the signal over a beam of the first-mote directional antenna and/or receiving the signal through a field of regard of the first-mote directional antenna). Method step 1606 depicts the end of the process.

Specific example implementations of the more...

...method step 1602 includes method step 1700. Method step 1700 shows localizing the second-mote directional antenna. Specific example implementations of the more general process implementations of Figure 17 are described following...

Claim

... 1 A mote method comprising:

ad usting a field of regard of a first-mote directional antenna; monitoring one or more indicators of a received signal strength of the first-mote

directional antenna; and

determining a direction associated with a second mote in response to the

monitored one or more indicators of the received signal strength of the first-mote directional antenna.

2 The method of Claim 1, wherein said adjusting a field of regard of a first-mote

directional antenna further comprises:

moving the field of regard such that the field of regard of the firstmote directional antenna will likely operably align with a beam of a second-mote directional antenna.

3 The method of Claim 2, wherein said moving the field of regard such that the field of regard of the first-mote directional antenna will likely operably align with a beam of a second-mote directional antenna further comprises: rotating the field of regard at a rate of rotation varied by a quasi-random amount from a nominal rate of rotation of the first-mote

directional antenna and the second-mote directional antenna.

4 The method of Claim 2, wherein said moving the field of regard such that the field of regard of the first-mote **directional antenna** will likely operably align with a beam of a second-**mote directional** antenna further comprises: moving the field of regard through at least two angles at a quasi...

...said moving the field of regard such that the field of regard of the first-mote directional antenna will likely operably align with a beam

of a second- mote directional antenna further comprises: moving the field of regard for a quasi-randomly selected period of time

...method of Claim 1, wherein said adjusting a field of regard of a first-mote

directional antenna further comprises:

selectively varying one or more relative phases respectively associated with one or more...

...method of Claim 1, wherein said adjusting a field of regard of a first mote directional antenna further comprises: selectively displacing at least a part of the first-mote directional antenna. I I - The method of Claim I 0, wherein said selectively displacing at least a part of the first-mote directional antenna farther comprises: selectively adjusting a feed of a hom antenna. - 27. The method of Claim 1, wherein said adjusting a field of regard of a first mote directional antenna further comprises: selectively tuning the first-mote directional antemia.

- 13 The method of Claim 1, wherein said monitoring one or more indicators of a received signal strength of the first-mote directional antenna further comprises: logging one or more indicators of the received signal strength of the first-mote directional antenna.
- 14 The method of Claim 1, wherein said deten-nining a direction associated with a...
- ...the monitored one or more indicators of the received signal strength of the first-mote **directional antenna** further comprises: selectively varying a reception frequency.
- 15 The method of Claim 14, wherein said...
- ...the monitored one or more indicators of the received signal strength of the first-mote directional antenna further comprises: determining a substantially maximum signal power associated with a beacon-,

signal; and

determining a direction of the field of regard of the first-mote directional antenna associated with the substantially maximum signal power.

- 18 The method of Claim 1, further comprising:
- 28 adjusting the field of regard of the first-mote directional antenna to orient toward the deterinined direction associated with the second mote. 29
- . A mote system comprising: means for adjusting a field of regard of a first-mote directional antenna; means for monitoring one or more indicators of a received signal strength of@the first-mote directional antenna; and

means for determining a direction associated with a second mote in response to the monitored one or more indicators of the received signal strength of the first-mote directional antenia. - 30

. A mote method comprising:

adjusting a beam of a second-mote directional antenna -, and transmitting a signal over the beam of the second-mote directional antenna.

21 ThemethodofClaim2O, whereinsaidadjustingabeamofasecond-mote directional antenna further comprises: selectively forming the beam of the second-mote directional antenna

22 The method of Claim 20, wherein said adjusting a beam of a second-mote directional antenna further comprises: selectively switching the beam of the second-mote directional antenna.

23 The method of Claim 20, wherein adjusting a beam of a second-mote directional anterma further comprises: selectively steering the beam of the second-mote directional antenna. 24 The method of Claim 20, wherein said adjusting a beam of a second-mote

...The method of Claim 20, wherein said ad usting a beam of a second-mote directional antenna further comprises:
moving the beam such that the beam of the second-mote directional antenna will likely operably align with a field of regard of the first-mote directional antenna.

26 The method of Claim 25, wherein said moving the beam such that the beam of the second-mote directional antenna will likely operably align with a field of regard of

the first-mote directional antenna further comprises:

- 31 rotating the beam at a rate of rate of rotation varied by a quasi-random amount from a nominal rate of rotation of the second-mote directional antenna and the first-mote directional antenna

27 The method of Claim 25, wherein said moving the beam such that the beam of the second-mote directional antenna will likely operably align with a field of regard of

the first-mote directional antenna further comprises: moving the beam through at least two angles at a quasi-randornly selected

...Claim 25, wherein said moving the beam such that the beam of the second-mote directional antenna will likely operably align with a field of regard of the first-mote directional antenna further comprises:

the first-mote directional antenna further comprises: moving the beam for a' quasi-randomly selected period of time.

29 The...

...33 The method of Claim 20, wherein said adjusting a beam of a second-mote

directional antenna further comprises:

selectively displacing at least a part of the second- mote directional antenna.

34 The method of Claim 33, wherein said selectively displacing at least a part of the second-mote directional antenna further comprises: selectively adjusting a feed of a hom anteima.

35 The method of Claim 20, wherein said adjusting a beam of a second-mote directional antenna further comprises: selectively tuning the second-mote directional antenna.

36 The method of Claim 20, wherein said transmitting a signal over the beam of the second-mote directional antenna further comprises: selectively varying a transmission frequency.

37 The method of Claim 36, wherein said...

...of Claim 20 wherein said transmitting a signal over the beam of the second-mote directional antenna further comprises:

- 33

detecting an initiation signal; and

initiating at least one of said adjusting a beam of a second-mote directional

'd transmitti g a signal over the beam of the second- mote di ectional anterma or sal in ir

antenna, in response to said detecting. - 34

. A mote system comprising:

means for adjusting a beam of a second-mote directional antenna; and

means for transmitting a signal over the beam of the second- mote directional antenna . - 35

. A mote method comprising:

adjusting a field of regard of a first-mote directional antenna in response to a

direction associated with a second-mote directional antenna; and at least one of transmitting a signal from the first-mote directional antenna or receiving a signal from the first-mote directional antenna.

42 The mote method of Claim 41, wherein said adjusting a field of regard of a first-mote **directional antenna** in response to a direction associated with a second-mote

directional antenna further comprises:

localizing the second-mote directional antenna.

43 The mote method of Claim 42, wherein said localizing the second-mote directional antenna further comprises:

adjusting a field of regard of a first-mote directional antenna; monitoring one or more indicators of a received signal strength of the first-mote

directional antenna signal; and

determining a direction associated with a second mote in response to the

monitored one or more indicators of the received signal strength.

44 The mote method of Claim 41, wherein said transmitting a signal from the

first-mote directional antenna further comprises:

transmitting the signal over a beam of the first-mote directional antenna.

45 The mote method of Claim 41, wherein said receiving a signal from the first

mote directional antenna further comprises:

receiving the signal through a field of regard of the first-mote directional antenna. - 36

. A mote system comprising:

means for adjusting a field of regard of a first-mote directional antenna in response to a direction associated with a second-mote directional antenna; and at least one of means for transmitting a signal from the first-mote directional antenna or means for receiving a signal from the first-mote directional antenna . 37

3/3,K/13 (Item 11 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

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01288733 **Image available**

AGGREGATING MOTE-ASSOCIATED INDEX DATA GROUPEMENT DE DONNEES D'INDEX ASSOCIES A DES MOTES

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Application:

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Priority Application: US 2004816358 20040331; US 2004813967 20040331; US 2004816364 20040331; US 2004816375 20040331; US 2004816082 20040331; US

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AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SM SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

(EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IS IT LT LU MC NL PL PT RO SE SI SK TR

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

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Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... HAVING

DIRECTIONALANTENNAS, nan-iingClarenceT. Tegreeneas inventor, filed substantially contemporaneously herewith.

6. United States patent application entitled MOTE NETWORKS USING DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA TECHNIQUES, naming Clarence T.

Tegreene as inventor, filed substantially contemporaneously herewith.

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present...

3/3,K/14 (Item 12 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT (c) 2007 WIPO/Thomson. All rts. reserv.

00371478

METHOD FOR THE IDENTIFICATION AND THERAPEUTIC USE OF DISEASE-ASSOCIATED

ORGANISMS, ELEMENTS AND FORCES

PROCEDE D'IDENTIFICATION ET D'UTILISATION THERAPEUTIQUE D'ORGANISMES, D'ELEMENTS ET DE FORCES ASSOCIES A UNE MALADIE

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

CHACHOUA Samir,

Inventor(s):

CHACHOUA Samir,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

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Application:

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Priority Application: US 953686 19950915

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AL AM AU BB BG BR CA CN CU CZ EE FI GE HU IS JP KE KG KP KR LK LR LT LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL RO SG SI SK TR TT UA UZ VN KE LS MW SD SZ UG AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL

PT SE BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN ML MR NE SN TD TG

Publication Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 267093

Fulltext Availability:

Claims

Claim

... cause of them increases in cancer. Protection may be provided by tha &sign of a directional or, shielded antennae. Shielding may be

itibuilt within the communicatiorw device, or added to pre-exisbag equipment or...

...or other device placed between the ClWator and the device. :It may also take the **mote** complex form of a Faraday cage mwerunding the antenm with only certain exit points allowed...

BUSINESS FULLTEXT

File 9:Business & Industry(R) Jul/1994-2007/Apr 04

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File 608:KR/T Bus.News. 1992-2007/Apr 05

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- File 624:McGraw-Hill Publications 1985-2007/Apr 04
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- File 634:San Jose Mercury Jun 1985-2007/Apr 04
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- File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) 1987-2007/Apr 04
 - (c) 2007 The Gale Group
- File 647:CMP Computer Fulltext 1988-2007/Jun W3
 - (c) 2007 CMP Media, LLC
- File 696:DIALOG Telecom. Newsletters 1995-2007/Apr 05
 - (c) 2007 Dialog
- File 674: Computer News Fulltext 1989-2006/Sep W1
 - (c) 2006 IDG Communications
- File 810:Business Wire 1986-1999/Feb 28
 - (c) 1999 Business Wire
- File 813:PR Newswire 1987-1999/Apr 30
 - (c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc
- File 587: Jane's Defense & Aerospace 2007/Apr W1
 - (c) 2007 Jane's Information Group

Set Items Description

? s mote

- S1 13235 MOTE
- S2 6185 DIRECTIONAL(3N)ANTENNA?
- S3 1 S1(S)S2
- ? t3/3,k/all

3/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 88)

DIALOG(R)File 88:Gale Group Business A.R.T.S.

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Topology insensitive location determination using independent estimates through semi-directional antennas. (Author abstract)

Yang, Chin-Lung; Bagchi, Saurabh; Chappell, William J.

IEEE Transactions on Antennas and Propagation, 54, 11, 3458(15)

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RECORD TYPE: Abstract

...AUTHOR ABSTRACT: network. A method of determining the location of a target by using multiple compact semi-directional antennas is shown to give an independent estimate of location from each sensor mote in a network, each estimate not relying on the data from neighboring motes as in

...traditional triangulation. We begin by demonstrating a method of using

angular diversity through multiple semi-directional antennas in order to ascertain the location of a target. The estimation of both range and...

...a noisy and/or faded channel. An efficient and fast algorithm on a wireless sensor **mote** is presented through a Taylor series expansion of the simulated antenna pattern. Furthermore, using the...